

## Review Exercises

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A (a) (1) prince (2) palace (3) sad (4) brute (5) rescue (6) sail (7) (8) before (9) triple (10) beef

(b) (1) small (2) slow (3) forward (4) short (5) dim (6) brutal (7) asleep (8) old (9) wild (10) outward

(c) (1) difficult (2) entrance (3) storm (4) put (5) ride (6) wash (7) Lunch (8) ourselves (9) looks  
(10) lose

(d)

Upon a his was the that had could them for out even when without

(e) (1) pretty (2) faster (3) glasses (4) deepest (5) boys (6) swimming (7) stopping (8) fables  
(9) Win Win's (10) her (11) me (12) our (13) hers (14) feet (15) smoking

(f) is is gets does have go get works waters sweeps burns plays  
Having do have study goes keeps goes

## B Writing

(a)

(1) That house was built by U Thaung

(2) Ko Ko said that he was hungry

(3) The work was finished by Hla Bu two days ago./ When did Hla Bu finish his work?

(4) Tun Tun's bicycle was taken away by Zaw Zaw

(5) U Win told to his children not to play with fire

(6) By riding the bus, Sein Sein usually goes to school. OR How Sein Sein usually goes to school is by bus./ How does Sein Sein go to school?

(7) This room is swept by the girl every day.

(8) The teacher was helped by Maung Win Toe/ Who came to help the teacher?

(9) Where U Tun Aung lives is Kamayut

(10)Ko Tin drew that map

(11)She was afraid and ran away. / Why did she run away?

(12)Which shirt he bought ?

(b)

1. Ma San is too young to drive a car

2.The arrows are too small to hurt Gulliver much

(C)

1.Maung Khib Soe is not old enough to drive a car

2.The workers are not fast enough to finish the work in two days

3.This piece of rope is not long enough to go around that big box.

4. This book is not small enough to go into my bag.

5.The sails are not big enough to catch wind to move the boat.

(d)

Have you ever ridden in a jet?

No I haven't , How are you?

Yes, I have ever ridden it

How many times?

Just once

(e) My name is Ma Ni. I am 14 years old . My parents are U Ba and Daw Mya. I live in Yangon

I go to BHS5 Botataung . I am in Year 8. I have to take Maths, English, Myanmar, History, Geography and Science. My teachers are U Htoo and Daw Hla.

I run every morning. I study at 7AM in the morning. I leave for school at 8AM. I get home at 3PM.

## LESSON (1) THE NECKLACE

Listen to explanation by teacher

(A)

(a)

(1) thin (2) imaginary (3) reply (4) return (5) debt

(b) (1) repay (2) return (3) borrow (4) lost (5) like (6) because (7) lend (8) park (9) bus.

(10) repay

(B) Listen to teacher’s explanation and answer.

(a) (b) (c)

(C) (a)

(2) Aye Aye said that the necklace was not good

(3) Nyi Nyi said that the coffee was too sweet

(4) Daw Win said that the mangoes were not ripe yet.

(5) Nyi Lay said that the bag was very heavy.

(6) Daw May Than said that the children were sleeping.

(b) (3) The teacher asked Maung Hla if his sister knew the address.

(4) U Toe Maung asked San San if she thought the diamonds were real

(5) U Myo Hla asked Thein Thein if the children wanted to go to the zoo.

(6) Daw Aye asked her pupils if they knew the answer.

(7) U Kaung asked Si Si if her brother studied regularly.

(c) Perform speaking exercise. Listen to teacher.

(D) Spelling and dictation exercise

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LESSON (2) THE NOBEL PRIZE

Listen to teacher’s explanation

A (a) (1) dynamite (2) award (3) continue (4) award (5) international

(b) (1) prize (2) wills (3) peace (4) continue (5) success (6) wealthy (7) sad (8) outstanding

B Comprehension

- (a) Listen to teacher explanation , read the lesson and answer
- (b) Listen to teacher explanation , read the lesson and answer
- (c) Listen to teacher explanation , read the lesson and answer

C (a) (2) The people of England are called English. The language they speak is called English  
 (3) The people of Denmark are called Danes. The language they speak is called Danish.  
 Do the others

- (b) (2) The telephone was invented by Alexander Graham Bell in 1876
- (3) Edison was a great inventor.
- (4) Many of Edison's inventions are used today
- (5) Columbus discovered America in 1492.
- (6) Penicillin is one of the greatest discoveries in medicine.
- (7) Inventors usually get a lot of money for their inventions.
- (8) Even today, scientists are making new discoveries every day.
- (9) Marie Curie and her husband were the discoverers of radium.

- (c)(2) You can open that door by pulling this string.
- (3) He won the first prize by working very hard
- (4) You can make the sound louder by turning this knob to the right
- (5) Ring the bell by pressing the button.
- (6) You can start the engine by turning this key.
- (7) You can keep yourself fit and healthy by taking exercise regularly.
- (8) The boy got into room by climbing through that window.
- (9) They put out fire by throwing sand over it.
- (10) He made the children happy by giving them a present each.
- (11) She kept us quiet by making us write an essay.
- (d) Listen to the teacher and do speaking exercise with your friend

#### D Spelling and dictation

Listen to teacher

LESSON (3) PRODUCING A TELEVISION SHOW

Listen to teacher

A (a)

- (1) Finding right performer-Casting
- (2) Shooting
- (3) Practise
- (4) Studio
- (5) Selected

(b)

- (1) studio
- (2) producer
- (3) dialogue
- (4) rehearsal
- (5) lines
- (6) perfect
- (7) casting
- (8) role

B (a)

- (1) Producer
- (2) Director
- (3) Costume designer
- (4) Production assistant
- (5) Camera man
- (6) Script writer
- (7) Director
- (8) 'Director
- (9) Director
- (10) Film editor

(b) Listen to the teacher, read the lesson and answer

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C (a)

(1) U Thu Kha is a famous director . He directs very well.

(2) Produce

(3) Producer

(4) Production

(5) Performer actor performer actress

(6) Performers singers

(b) (3) player (4) performer (5) operator (6) director (7) producer (8) driver (9) actor (10) Photographer (11) writer (12) composer

(c)(1) I want to be an actor when I grow up

(2) Our teacher wants our performance to be perfect or flawless

(3) Have you ever been inside a television studio?

(d) Practise speaking exercise with your friend.

D Spelling and dictation

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Poem will be taught separately

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(a) (1) News paper (2) duty (3) outstanding (4) writer (5) flawless

(b) (1) sad (2) poem (3) medicine (4) wills (5) award (6) money (7) dynamite (8) costume

(9) sections (10) television

(c)(1) physicist (2) happiness (3) Spanish (4) workers (5) rehearsal (6) different (7) performance

(8) selected (9) beautifully (10) friendly

## B COMPREHENSION

Listen to teacher

## C

(a)

1. frightened

2.washed

3.borrowed

4.won

5.shut

6.done

7.holding

8.performed

(b)

20 Pyay Road

Yangon

20 December 1982

Dear Aye Aye,

How are you? . I met Thi Thi yesterday at Bogyoke market. She asked me how you were and said that she would like to hear from you. The weather here is getting a little cooler and tomorrow, we will have our school sports. Daw Aye Myint is now our teacher and I am studying for my test. I will write you soon.

Your loving friend,

Myint Myint

- (c) walked heard ran hurried knocked  
 shouted took opened  
 asked  
 fired asked  
 asked was  
 could , heard ran looked could not saw explained

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LESSON 4 TWO WORDS OF WISDOM

Listen to teacher’s explanation.

- A (a) 1 Wonderful----- very good  
 2 beat-----win  
 3 lunch-----meal taken in the middle of the day  
 4 inn----- hotel, place where travellers can buy food and stay  
 5 wealthy-----very rich

(b) Listen to teacher’s explanation and do the exercises

- B (a) Listen to teacher’s explanation and do the exercises  
 (b) Listen to teacher’s explanation and do the exercises  
 (c) Listen to teacher’s explanation and do the exercises  
 (d) Listen to teacher’s explanation and do the exercises

Extended Language use

- (a) (1) proudly (2) wonderfully (3) slowly (4) finally (5) wisely (6) happily  
 (b) (1) proud (2) proudly (3) slowly (4) happily (5) useful (6) easily  
 (c)(2) I am younger than Hla Hla  
 (3) A train is slower than an aeroplane.  
 (4) U Ba is wiser than U Kyaw  
 (5) They are wealthier than any man in this town.



(d)(1) Do you want to walk with me . We can talk on the way. Aye Aye said to Si Si.

(2) Have you any brother and sisters ? Asked by Mg Hla.

(3) How did you go back home by bus or on foot? Ko Sein said to Ma Pu.

(4) No! he isn't a doctor.

(5) She is a teacher. Said by Than Than.

D Spelling and dictation.

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#### LESSON (5) PENICILLIN

Listen to teacher's explanation.

A (a) (1) lose (2) clerk (3) easy (4) intelligent (5) remember (6) countless

(b) (1) clever (2) countless (3) easily (4) used (5) lose (6) clerk

(c) Learn it

(d) (1) cause (2) bright (3) medicine (4) dangerous (5) severely (6) parts (7) experiments

(8) attack (9) dangerous (10) discovered.

B. (a) Listen to teacher's explanation and do the exercise.

(b) Listen to teacher's explanation and do the exercise.

(c) Listen to teacher's explanation and do the exercise.

(d) Listen to teacher's explanation and do the exercise.

C (3) It is Antiseptic which kills the bacteria and the white cells.

(4) It is Penicillin which kills only the deadly microbes.

(5) It was my brother who studied science.

(6) It was the Headmaster who wanted to see Maung Maung.

(7) It is in the dry season in which fires usually break out.

(8) It is rice which Myanmar exports.

(9) It is the way he talks which I don't like.

(10) It is here where I first met him.

(b) Alexander Fleming was born in Scotland in 1881 . When he was sixteen, he went to work in a shipping office in London. He left the office when he was left some money by a relative . He studied medicine at St Marys hospital after becoming a doctor . He stayed on at St Marys hospital to study bacteria.

(c)Practise the dialogue with your friend.

(D) Spelling and dictation

Teacher will give it.

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LESSON 6 MUSICAL INSTRUMENT

Listen to teacher's explanation.

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A (a) (1) music (2) instrument (3) string (4) attached (5)produce

(b)(1) playing (2)music (3) attached (4) instrument (5) produce

B (a) Listen to the teacher, read the lesson and answer

(b) Listen to the teacher, read the lesson and answer

(c) Listen to the teacher, read the lesson and answer

(d) Listen to the teacher, read the lesson and answer

C (a) (1) player (2) singer (3) teacher (4) writer (5) driver

(b) (1) player (2) singer (3) teacher (4) writer (5) driver

(c) (2) Sound can be produced by striking two strings.

(3) This room will be swept on Saturday.

(4) The flowers will be watered this evening.

(5) These flowers will be offered at the pagoda.

(d) (2) violinist (3) organist (4) harpist

(e)Study it.

(f) Do the dialogue practice with your friend.

D Spelling and dictation

The teacher will give the instruction.

LESSON 7 WHAT WILL THE WEATHER BE LIKE TOMORROW

Listen to teacher’s explanation.

EXERCISE

A (1) hygrometer- tells us the amount of moisture in the air

(2) thermometer—tells us the temperature

(3) barometer-----gives us the air pressure

(4) weather vane ---tells us from which direction of the wind is blowing

(5) wind speed indicator—gives us the speed of wind.

(b) (1) forecast (2) twinkle (3) signs (4) instruments (5) cloudy (6) station (7) camera (8) indication

B (a) Listen to the teacher, read the lesson and answer

(b) Listen to the teacher, read the lesson and answer

C (a) Study them

(b) (1) wind (2) rainy (3) heat (4) sunny (5) mist (6) misty (7) snow (8) cloudy.

(c)the day it be may where interested it mother her of everyone

(d) Take dialogue practice.

(D) Spelling and dictation

Teacher will give it.

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Poem will be taught separately

C (c)(1) dirty (2) dust dusty (3) sunny cloudy (4) rain rainy (5) muddy

(d) (2) The rainbow is very beautiful (3) That girl is very pretty (4) You are very kindful

(5)Diogenes are very strange (6) You are very clever.

(D) Spelling and dictation

Teacher will give it.

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REVIEW EXERCISES

A (a)(1) imaginary (2) debt (3) dynamite (4) section (5) casting (6) produce (7) muddy (8) speed

(9) gravity (10) select

(b) (1) easy (2) slowly (3) discontinued (4) quiet (5) dangerous (6) impossible (7) pleasant (8) different (9) short (10) high

(c)(1) microscope (2) string (3) wonderful (4) inn (5) remember (6) weather (7) different (8) benches  
(9) medicine (10) dangerous

(d) (1) oldest (2) slowest (3) worrying (4) working (5) studies (6) careless (7) colours (8) smoking  
(9) fighting (10) flies (11) Mg Myo's (12) her (13) me (14) teeth (15) mine

### B Comprehension

Listen to teacher's explanation.

C (a) (1) The king asked the man what he had in that bag

(2) The bell was rung by Mg Mg.

(3) Where Su Su met her friend this morning is market.

(4) The flowers are watered by Ko Htoo

(5) Hla Hla said that she could play the piano very well.

(6) Whose umbrella he took to school is Si Si.

(7) When U Hla Mg went to Mandalay is last month.

(8) Who want become a famous doctor is Mya Mya.

(9) Which shirt Mg Ba gave to his brother is blue.

(10) Ko Than drives the car.

(11) Why the child was crying, he was hungry.

(12) How he went to school is by bus.

(b)(1) dirty (2) rainy (3) wealth, wealthy (4) sunny (5) dusty (6) ease (7) windy (8) cloudy

(c)(2) It was the lost dog that Tun Tun found' (3) It was my friend's brother who won the prize.

(4) It is the way she talks that I don't like.

(5) It was the Headmaster whom the woman wanted to see.

(6) It was a red dress that the little girl wore.

(7) It was here where I first met her.

(d) Have you ever taken cold tablets?

No I haven't What have you taken?

Yes, I have ever taken it.

How many time'?

Just twice

It put and the string all flute examples because blown they some

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## LESSON 8 HOW TO STUDY

Listen to teacher's explanation.

A (a) (1) Tired- Exhausted (2) not moving – Stop (3) Moving-Advancing (4) Take rest-retire

(5)Throw out-Remove (6)fill with too many things – capacity

(b) (1) clear (2) exhaust (3) should (4) reject (5) retire (6) relax (7)regularly (8) start (9) active

(10) remember

## B Comprehension

(a)

Listen to teacher's explanation.

(b)

Listen to teacher's explanation.

(c)

Listen to teacher's explanation.

C (a)

(3) He remembers nothing

(4) They buy nothing

(5) You will learn nothing

(6) Our brain will take nothing

(7) She took away nothing

(c) (3) No , he didn't meet anyone at the railway station.

(4) No I didn't buy anything from that shop.

(5) No I didn't give anything Ko Ko to eat.

(6) No Hla Hla didn't have anything for breakfast every morning.

(7) No Nyi Nyi didn't throw anything out of the window.

(8) No I didn't have anything to eat on that day.

(9) No I didn't anything to tell you.

(c) (2) Keeping regular study hours is a good habit

(3) We should not keep on studying when we are tired.

(4) We should not study without taking a short rest.

(5) She begins dressing for school at 8 o'clock every morning.

(6) We should study regularly from the beginning of the school year.

(d) Practise the dialogue with your friend.

(D) Spelling and dictation

Teacher will give it.

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LESSON 9 THE GREATEST INVENTOR

Listen to teacher's explanation.

A (a) (1) stupid (2) bright (3) laboratory (4) magnet (5) inventor (6) microphone.

(b) (1) invented (2) microphone (3) experiment (4) evening (5) questions (6) chemicals (7) another

(8) discovered

B Comprehension

(a)

Listen to teacher's explanation.

(b)

Listen to teacher's explanation.

(c)

Listen to teacher's explanation.

C (a) (3) Hla Hla came into the kitchen not because she wanted to help her mother but because she wanted a glass of water.

(4) Edison bought many things not because he wanted to play with them but because he wanted to make experiments.

(5) She bought the handbag not because she liked it but because it was cheap.

(6) The man stopped working not because they were lazy but because they were tired.

(b) (2) inventor/ makes (3) driver/ drives (4) singer/sings (5) dancer/dances (6) painter/draws / paints (7) discoverer / discovers (8) drummer / plays (9) swimmer / swims

(c) 1847 not him too could left school read to he many electricity a he helped

(d) Do the exercise.

(e) Practise the dialogue with your friend.

(D) Spelling and dictation

Teacher will give it.

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Poem will be taught separately

A (1) help (2) tell (3) cries (4) selling (5) fear

C (a) (b) (c) Study them

(D) Spelling and dictation

Teacher will give it.

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LESSON 10 THE OLYMPIC GAMES

Listen to teacher’s explanation.

A (a) (1)participate—take part (2) original—first (3) different—unlike (4) ancient—very old (5)marathon—long distance race

(b)(1) citizen (2) allowed (3) marathon (4) participate (5) events (6) ancient (7) different

(8) competition (9) original

B Comprehension

(a)

Listen to teacher’s explanation.

(b)

Listen to teacher’s explanation.

(c)

Listen to teacher’s explanation.

C (a) (2) slowly (3) kindly (4) bravely (5) proudly

(b) (1) separate/ separately (2) brave/ bravely (3) slow/slowly (4) kind/kindly (5) proud/proudly

(c)(2) Football are played all over the world

(3) Women are allowed to participate in the Games

(4) The Games are held by them every four years.

(5) The works are always finished in time by them

(d) Do exercise

(D) Spelling and dictation

Teacher will give it.

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LESSON 11 THE BRAVE DOG

Listen to teacher’s explanation.

A (a) (1) equal --- same in size and strength (2) crashed -- fell violently (3) bed-clothes— sheets/blankets for the bed (4) wearily –tiredly (5) crawled--- moved slowly on hands and knees

(6) search—look carefully.

(3) The prince remained sad for a long time and to mark his sorrow he built a tomb over the place where his brave dog was buried.

(c)

Listen to teacher’s explanation.

B Comprehension

(a)

Listen to teacher’s explanation.

(b)

Listen to teacher’s explanation.

(c)





B Comprehension

(a)

Listen to teacher's explanation.

(b)

Listen to teacher's explanation.

(c)

Listen to teacher's explanation.

C (a) Do exercise

(b) Study

(c) written about things things second which The children sleep

(d) Do the exercise

(D) Spelling and dictation

Teacher will give it.

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LESSON 12 SUPPLEMENTARY GRAMMAR EXERCISES

1. but 2 and 3 because 4 when 5 and 6 when 7 but 8 when 9 or 10 and

II 1. This dog is small but brave

2. She was pretty when she was young
3. I didn't come because it was raining.
4. You must hurry or you will be late.
5. Thura enjoys swimming and playing tennis.
6. He ran very fast because a dog was chasing him.
7. She is tall but her sister is short.
8. I shall sit still and listen to the music.
9. The teacher became sad when he heard the bad news.

10. Would you like to have tea or coffee?

#### LANGUAGE

- I
1. The plant died because he did not water it
  2. He did not know that she was coming on Sunday.
  3. Both he and his brother are good football players
  4. this is the house in which the thieves are hiding.
  5. Either she or her sister is wrong.
  6. A dog can swim but a cat can not.
  7. My parrot can sing and talk.
  8. The hill on which they built the pagoda was not too high.
  9. Shall we have a game of badminton and tennis tonight?
  10. She opened the door and let the guests in.

- II
1. Ko Ko is a composer and a singer
  2. Ko Ko and Mg Mg being school boys , do not smoke.
  3. U Tun designs houses and builds them.
  4. She has a big house but does not have a car.
  5. When she pressed the button, the lift stopped.
  6. He got the books at discount because he is a student,
  7. She did not do her homework so the teacher scolded her.
  8. Mother went to bed after she said her prayers.
  9. I am unhappy because I have lost my watch.
  10. They hurried to the airport but they missed the plane.

- III
- (1) You can take (n) what you like
  - (2) She is not only clever (e) but also hardworking
  - (3) This is the house (o) that U Bo built.
  - (4) She will come (i) although it was raining.
  - (5) We met a boy (g) who lived in Persia
  - (6) He ran away (a) when he saw the tiger.
  - (7) He is slow (c) but he is sure
  - (8) Ali Baba was a rich man (f) who had lost his way

(9) Her friends love her (d) and she loves them too.

(10) He was ill (k) but he did not take any medicine.

(11) This box is too heavy (g) for me to lift.

(12) Fire is a good servant (j) but a bad master

(13) We went out (b) if it does not rain.

(14) She did not eat anything (m) although she was hungry

(15) You must try hard (l) or you will fail in the exam.

### CONDITIONAL SENTENCES

#### Study

1. If you pour oil on water, it floats
2. If you boil water, it vaporizes.
3. If you lower the temperature of water to 0 deg c, it freezes.
4. If I am late for school, my teacher gets very angry.
5. If you put salt into water, it dissolves.
6. If you add two and eight, you get ten.
7. If we want to know the date, we look at the calendar.
8. If I want to buy a book, I go to the bookshop.
9. If we want to be fit and healthy, we take exercise regularly.
10. If the plant does not get water, air and sun light, it dies.

#### II

1. If we did not miss the bus, we would have arrived earlier.
2. If I read the book, I would have told you about it last night.
3. If we had known your address, we would have written to you.
4. If you had stepped on a banana skin, you would have slipped and fallen.
5. If the dog had known you, it would not have barked at you.
6. If the thief had not run away, they would have caught him.
7. If Su Su was not so lazy, she could have passed her history test.
8. If I had been sick as you, I would not have gone to school.
9. If she had a dog, she would not have been afraid to be alone.
10. If you asked me, I would have helped you.

## III

1. If I had time, I could help you with your work.
2. We could go out tonight if we did not have any homework.
3. If I were rich, I would buy you a diamond necklace.
4. I would see a doctor, if I were sick
5. If he had a toothache, he would see a dentist.
6. If I got 100 marks in Physics, father would buy me a motorcycle.
7. Air could not get in, if you closed all the windows.
8. He would give you the money, if he had it.
9. She would call you, if she had your telephone number.
10. If I had a dog, I would take it for a walk.

## LANGUAGE

## Active Voice and Passive Voice

1. The dishes were washed by my mother
2. A shan-bag was given to me by Ma Ma last week.
3. Mice are eaten by cats.
4. The timetable is drawn by the teacher
5. I was beaten by my father yesterday.
6. These books were sold in that shop last year.
7. Coca Cola is drunk all over the world.
8. The boy was bitten by a dog two days ago.
9. A cake is baked in the oven.
10. Meetings are always held in that room.

## II

1. The gates were closed by the watchman.
2. Some of the cakes were eaten by the boys.
3. The motorcycle was repaired by the mechanic.
4. My homework was just done.
5. The lights were already switched on.

6. The patient was just operated on by the doctor.
7. The pots and pans were not washed yet.
8. He was told the good news by his father
9. The thieves were caught by the police.
10. The grass was cut last month.

## III

1. The chicken curry is cooked by mother in the kitchen.
2. The letters is being delivered by the postman.
3. A new hotel is being built by the workers.
4. The car is being repaired by the mechanic.
5. A picture is being drawn by the teacher on the blackboard.
6. The pots is being filled with the water by the girl.
7. An important meeting is being held by them now.
8. The answer papers are being corrected by the teacher.
9. The letter of invitation is being typed by the secretary now.
10. Toys are being sold in the supermarket.

## IV

1. This house will be searched by the police.
2. The chairs will be carried by the children.
3. This work must be done by you.
4. Our homework will be corrected by the teacher.
5. Anew watch will be bought by Ko Gyi.
6. A new novel will be written by the author in June.
7. Old people should be helped by us.
8. The old television set will be repaired by Aung Aung.
9. Scientific books can be borrowed by you from the library.
10. A new house will be built by his father next year.

## V

1. Fruits and vegetables are sold by this man in the market.
2. The book has been taken.

3. The National Anthem was sang by us at the beginning of the ceremony.
4. A cake for my birthday will be baked by mother .
5. This film have been seen by the children many times.
6. He was told the good news by Mg Mg.
7. Noodle is made from flour.
8. The animals are fed by the keepers in the morning and evening.
9. The car is being washed by my uncle.
10. I was seen leaving the room by no one.

#### LANGUAGE -Tenses (Simple Present, Present Perfect and Present Perfect Continuous)

I

1. My father visits the Shwedagon Pagoda every Sunday.
2. It rains quite often during July.
3. Jet engines make a lot of noise.
4. The earth goes round the sun.
5. Does he drive to work everyday?
6. Su Su goes to her grand parents once a month.
7. I drinks coffee twice a day.
8. Sugar is sweet.
9. Mar Mar never washes the clothes herself.
10. Camels are useful animals.

#### The Present Perfect Tense

II

1. They have not finished their dinner yet.
2. How long have you lived here?
3. He has been working in this facxtory since 1990.
4. Tin Tin has already cleaned the window.
5. She has not written to her friend for a long time.
6. I have been to Mandalay many times.
7. Our school has been awarding prizes to outstanding students since 1960.

8. The teacher has just given an instruction to her pupils.
9. I have read that story several times.
10. U Mya has built a house on Inya Road recently.

#### The Present Perfect Continuous Tense

1. He has been living there for just a few weeks.
2. Sander is very tired now because she has been working very hard the whole week.
3. We can not go out because it has been raining all day.
4. He has been studying hard since the beginning of the school year.
5. His father has been scolding him all the morning.
6. My dog has been barking from dawn to dark.
7. I have been reading a novel the whole day.
8. Mary is still writing letters. She has been writing letters all day.
9. Where have you been? I have been looking for you for an hour.
10. The firewood has been burning all night.

#### IV

1. Do you go to cinema very often?
2. People have used tools from earliest times.
3. I had already washed the clothes when my mother arrived home.
4. Mu Mu has been doing her homework all day.
5. It rains a lot in lower Myanmar.
6. Someone has broken the window in order to get into the house.
7. Ni Ni has been there since this morning.
8. The Ayeyarwaddy flows from north to south.
9. I have stayed at home the whole week.
10. He has never ridden a bicycle before.

#### LANGUAGE

#### Direct and Indirect Speech



1. He said that he was busy.
2. She said that she had been to Kalaw
3. Myo Myo said that he would come over to your house tomorrow.
4. Si Si said that she went shopping yesterday.
5. Nwe Nwe said to the police that her money was stolen last night.

#### Interrogative/ Questions

1. U Ba asked his son why he came home late.
2. Lay Lay asked Ni Ni if she would lend him a pencil.
3. Myint Myint asked Wah Wah if she wanted some coffee.
4. Mg Mg asked Su Su if she had her lunch.
5. Mother asked Mi Mi if the dinner was ready.

#### Imperative / Command and Request

##### III

1. The teacher told him to read very fast.
2. He told his son to be always polite and respectful.
3. I told her not to be angry with me.
4. She requested Ko Ko to help her.
5. She told Tun Tun to go away.

#### LANGUAGE

##### Gerund

##### I

1. The little girl enjoys skipping along the road.
2. Khin Khin likes gardening but she doesn't like weeding.
3. The old building needs painting on the wall.
4. The child heard a bird singing on the tree.
5. The mother comforted the crying baby.

##### II

1. Breaking the window, the thief entered the house.
2. Seeing the teacher, the students stood up.

3. Hearing a knock on the door, mother went to open it.
4. Thinking that someone was outside, the girl looked at the door.
5. Looking out the window, Ni Ni saw father coming back.

III

1. Nyi Nyi wanted to succeed in life without trying hard.
2. You can't win the prize without working hard.
3. Without studying the lessons, the girl went to bed.
4. Without wearing a heavy coat, father went for a walk.
5. Without taking a basket, mother went to the market.

IV

1. The baby was awakened by loud noise.
2. His bleeding wound looks very serious.
3. The footballer played an exciting match.
4. Do you know the missing letter in this word?
5. Opening speech was made by the headmaster.