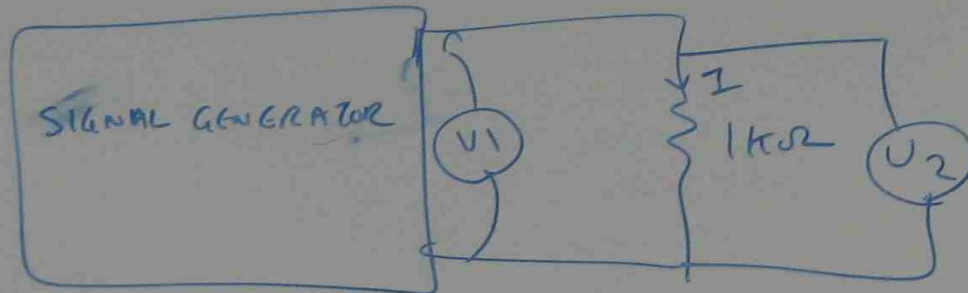


SERIES RLC CIRCUIT

TO STUDY THE BEHAVIOUR OF RLC CIRCUIT

(I) CONNECT THE CIRCUIT



$$I = \frac{V}{R}$$

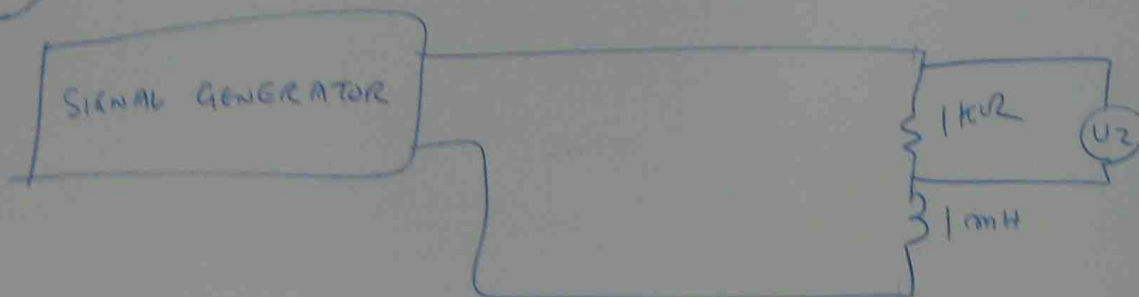
INCREASE FREQUENCY 10 TO 100 Hz,

inf	V_2	$I_R = \frac{V_2}{1000\Omega}$
10 Hz 20 Hz		
50 Hz 70 100 Hz		

COMMENT = ?

1

CONNECT THE CIRCUIT



INCREASE FREQUENCY, MAKE COMMENT

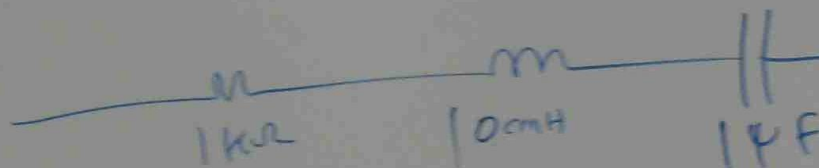
f	U_2	$I = \frac{U_2}{1k\Omega}$
10		
20		
50		
70		
100 Hz		

MAKE COMMENT = ?

$$I = \frac{V}{\sqrt{R^2 + X_L^2}}$$

$$= \frac{V}{\sqrt{R^2 + (2\pi fL)^2}}$$

CONNECT THE CIRCUIT



$$\begin{aligned} Z &= R + jX_L + (-jX_C) \\ &= R + j(X_L - X_C) \end{aligned}$$

CALCULATE RESONANT FREQUENCY

$$X_L = X_C \Rightarrow 2\pi fL = \frac{1}{2\pi fC}$$

$$\frac{2}{2\pi} \frac{2}{f} L C = 1$$

$$f = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2\pi^2 LC}} = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{LC}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2 \times 3.1416 \sqrt{10 \times 10^{-3} \times 1 \times 10^{-6}}}$$

$$= 50 \text{ Hz}$$

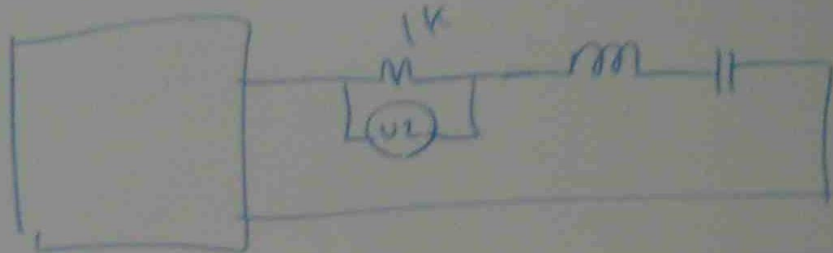
III

CONNECT THE CIRCUIT

AT RESONANT POINT

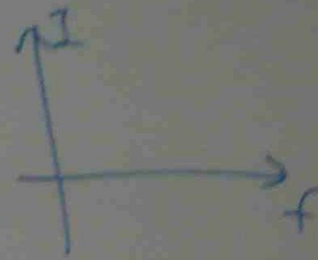
$$I = \frac{V}{R + j(\omega L - \frac{1}{\omega C})}$$

↑
CANCEL



f	V ₂	$I = \frac{V_2}{1k}$
10		
20		
30		
40		
50		
60		
70		
80		
90		
100		

How happens
to current?







INDUCTANCE

MODEL : SVL 33

AIR CORED

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

x100mH
35 mA

0 1 2 3 4 5 6

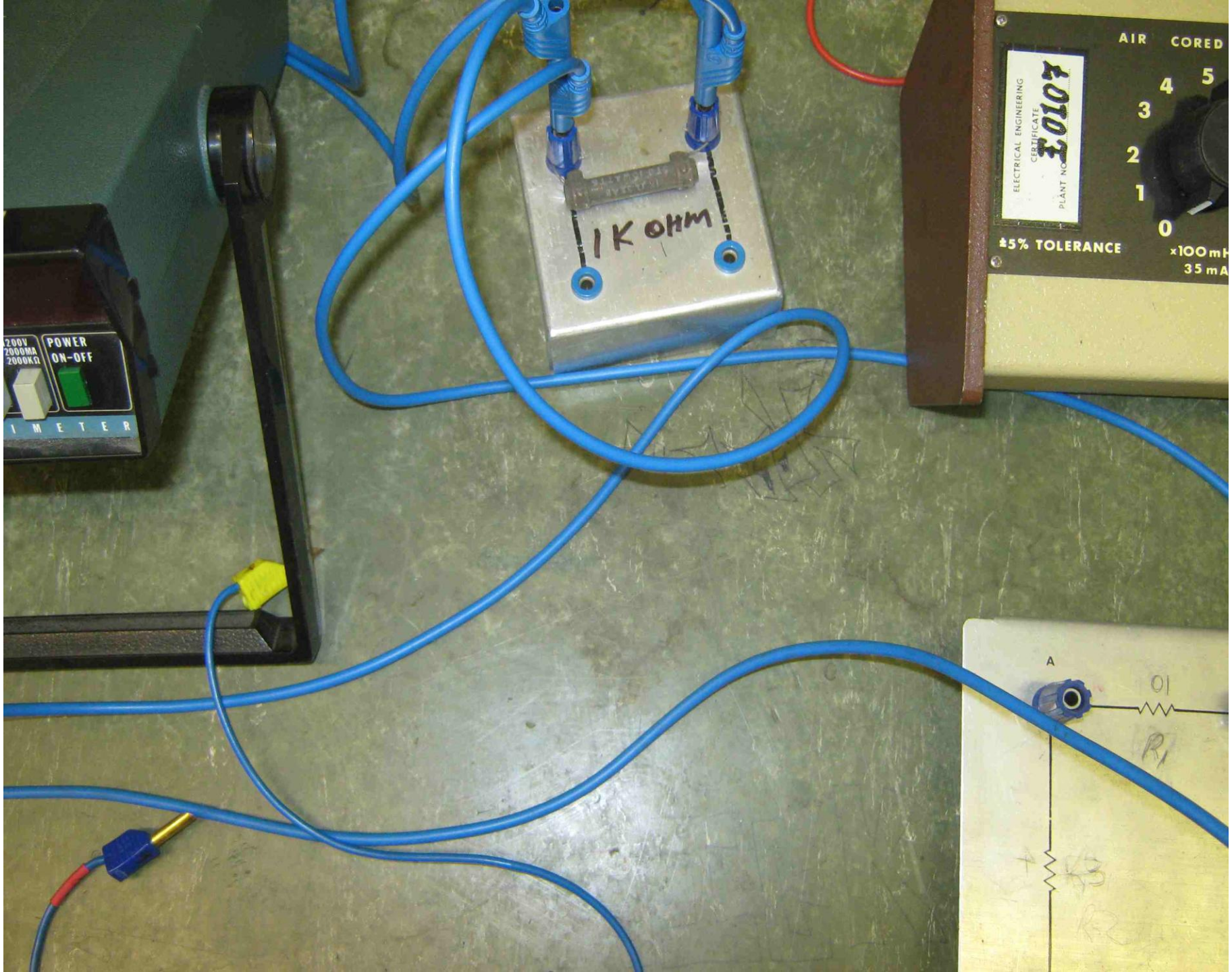
x10mH
60mA

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

x1 mH
75 mA

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING
CERTIFICATE
E0107
PLANT NO.

5% TOLERANCE



200V
2000MA
2000KΩ

POWER
ON-OFF

I M E T E R

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING
CERTIFICATE
PLANT NO. **E0107**

AIR CORED

4 5
3
2
1
0

±5% TOLERANCE

×100 mH
35 mA

1K OHM

A

01

R₁

43

R₂

