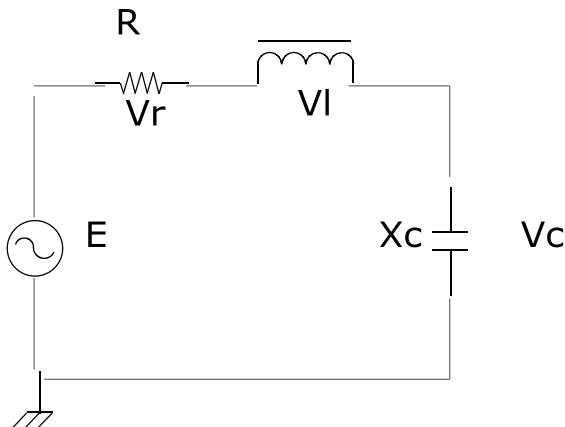


E025 Online Test

Ref 17

For the given series resonance circuitry, find I, Vr, VI and Vc. If the resonance frequency is 4000Hz, Find the bandwidth . What power dissipated in circuit.

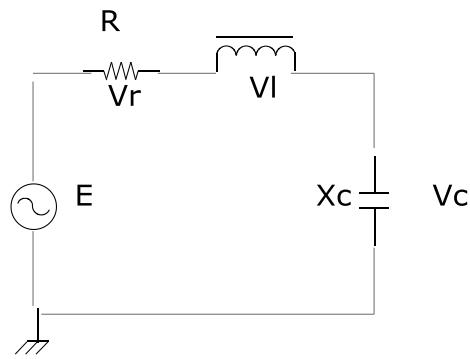


$$E = 10 \angle 0^\circ \text{ V} \quad R = 2 \text{ Ohm}, \quad Xl = 10 \text{ ohm}, \quad Xc = 10 \text{ ohm}$$

A	$I = 5 \text{ Angle } 0 \text{ amp}, V_r = 10V,$ $V_I = 10 \text{ Angle } 90V, V_c = 50 \text{ Angle } -90 V$	B	$I = 10 \text{ Angle } 0 \text{ amp}, V_r = 5V,$ $V_I = 5 \text{ Angle } 90V, V_c = 50 \text{ Angle } +90 V$
C	$I = 10 \text{ Angle } -90 \text{ amp}, V_r = 10V,$ $V_I = 10 \text{ Angle } 0V, V_c = 50 \text{ Angle } +90 V$	D	$I = 10 \text{ Angle } 0 \text{ amp}, V_r = 10V,$ $V_I = 10 \text{ Angle } 90V, V_c = 50 \text{ Angle } -90 V$
Answer			

Ref 18

In the given circuit, Quality factor (Q), Bandwidth of resonant frequency 5000HZ and power dissipated at half power frequency are

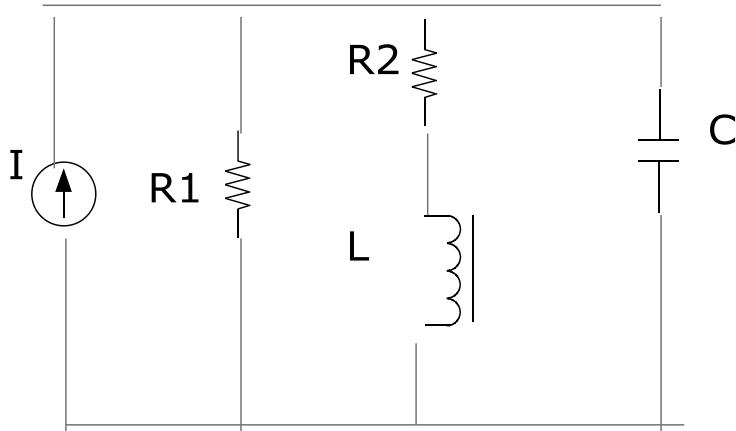


$$R = 2 \text{ ohm}, Xl = 10 \text{ ohm}, Xc = 10 \text{ ohm} \quad E = 10 \angle 0 \text{ V}$$

A	$Q = 10, BW = 2000\text{HZ}, P (\text{HPF}) = 50\text{W}$	B	$Q = 5, BW = 1000\text{HZ}, P (\text{HPF}) = 25\text{W}$
C	$Q = 15, BW = 2000\text{HZ}, P (\text{HPF}) = 50\text{W}$	D	$Q = 20, BW = 3000\text{HZ}, P (\text{HPF}) = 25\text{W}$
Answer			

Ref 19

Q9. For the given network with f_p provided.



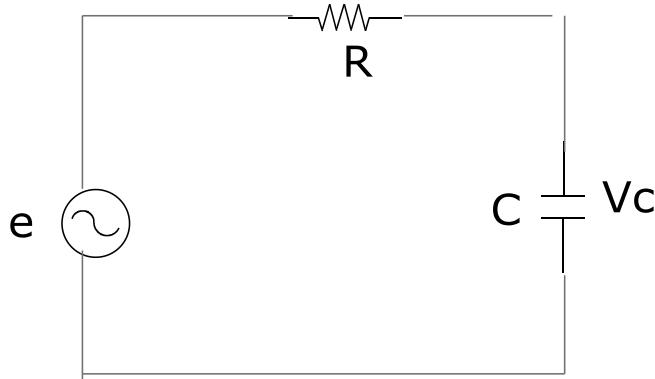
$$R_1 = 40 \text{ K}\Omega, R_2 = 10 \Omega, L = 1\text{mH}, f_p = 0.04\text{MHz}$$

- (a) Determine Q_l
- (b) Determine R_p
- (c) Calculate Z_{tp}
- (d) Find C at resonance
- (e) Find Q_p
- (f) Calculate BW

A	$Q = 25.12, R_p = 6.31 \text{ k}\Omega, Z_{tp} = 5.45 \text{ k}\Omega$ $C = 15.9 \text{ nF}, Q_p = 21.68, BW = 1.85 \text{ KHz}$	B	$Q = 100, R_p = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, Z_{tp} = 10\text{k}\Omega$ $C = 20 \text{ nF}, Q_p = 50, BW = 1\text{KHz}$
C	$Q = 50, R_p = 12 \text{ k}\Omega, Z_{tp} = 7 \text{ k}\Omega$ $C = 20 \mu\text{F}, Q_p = 30, BW = 2\text{KHz}$	D	$Q = 25.12, R_p = 6.31 \text{ k}\Omega, Z_{tp} = 5.45 \text{ k}\Omega$ $C = 15.9 \mu\text{F}, Q_p = 21.68, BW = 1.85 \text{ KHz}$
Answer			

Ref 20

The input voltage to the given circuit is $e = 12 + 10 \sin 2 t$



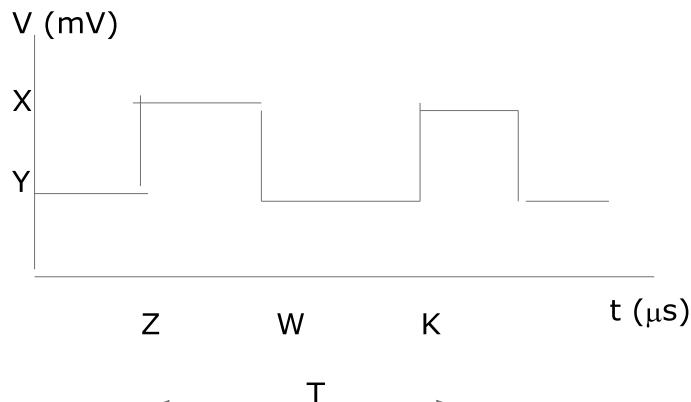
$$R = 3 \Omega, C = 1/8 \text{ F}$$

The effective value of current (I), Vc and the power dissipated in the circuit are

A	$I = 3 \text{ amp}, V_c = 13.67 \text{ V}, P_{eff} = 6 \text{ w}$	B	$I = 1.4142 \text{ amp}, V_c = 20 \text{ V}, P_{eff} = 12 \text{ w}$
C	$I = 1.4142 \text{ amp}, V_c = 13.67 \text{ V}, P_{eff} = 6 \text{ w}$	D	$I = 2 \text{ amp}, V_c = 20 \text{ V}, P_{eff} = 12 \text{ w}$
Answer			

Ref 21

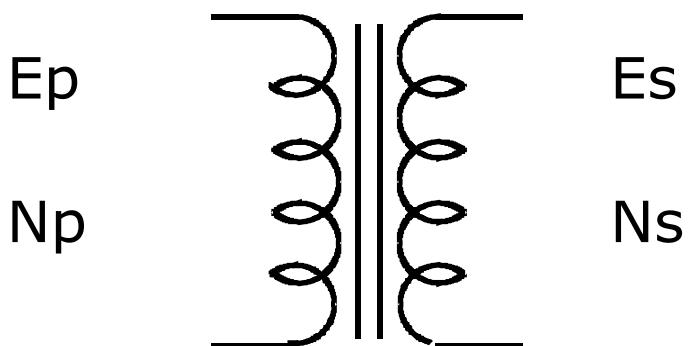
Determine the average value for given periodic pulse waveform.



$$X = 8 \text{ mV}, Y = 2 \text{ mV}, Z = 2 \mu\text{s}, W = 6 \mu\text{s}, K = 12 \mu\text{s}$$

A	4.4 mV, 0.4 sec	B	8 mV, 1 sec
C	3 mV, 10 sec	D	8 mV, 0.4 sec
Answer			

Ref 22

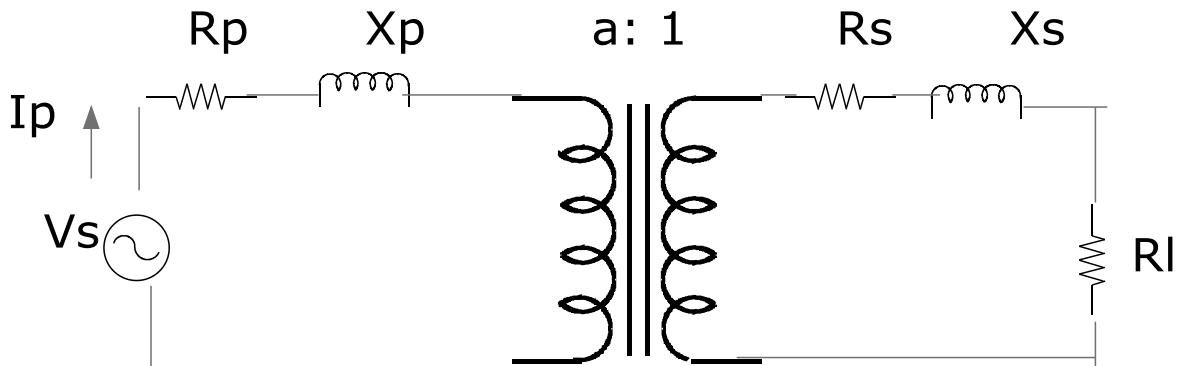


$$E_p = 200 \text{ V}, N_p = 50 \text{ turns}, E_s = 240 \text{ V}, N_s = ?$$

In the given transformer, maximum flux and secondary turn are

A	30mwb, 300 Turns	B	15mwb, 1000 Turns
C	70mwb, 300 Turns	D	15.02mwb, 600 Turns
Answer			

Ref 23



$$I_p = 10A, R_p = 1 \Omega, X_p = 2 \Omega \quad a = 2, R_s = 1 \Omega, X_s = 2 \Omega \quad R_L = 50 \Omega$$

In above circuit, the voltage V_s is

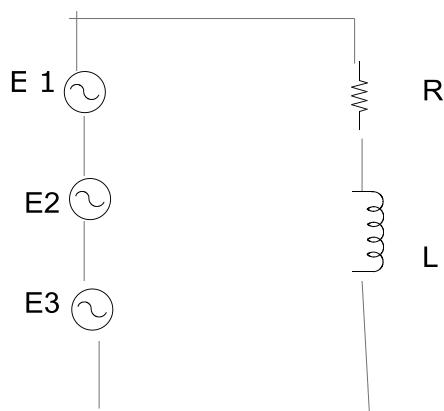
A	2452V	B	1000V
C	300V	D	5000V
Answer			

Ref 24

If the system has a voltage gain of 36dB and output voltage 6.8V, the input voltage is

A	3V	B	10V
C	0.8V	D	0.107V
Answer			

Ref 25

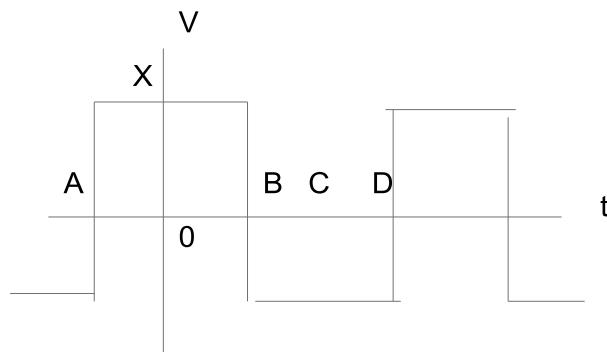


$$E_1 = 25V, E_2 = 80 \sin \omega t, E_3 = 20 \sin 3\omega t \quad R = 20 \Omega, L = 0.2H$$

Total power dissipated in the given circuit is

A	53.5W	B	100W
C	200W	D	0.1W
Answer			

Ref 26



$$V = 100V, A = -\pi/4, B = \pi/2, C = \pi, D = 3\pi/2$$

The first four terms of the given trigonometric Fourier series are

A	$0 + 400/\pi \cos \theta + 0 - 400/\pi \cos 3\theta$	B	$400/\pi + 400/\pi \cos \theta + 400/2\pi \cos 2\theta - 400/3\pi \cos 3\theta$
C	$0 + 0 + 0 - 400/3\pi \cos 3\theta$	D	$400/\pi + 0 + 0 + 400/3\pi \cos 3\theta$
Answer			