

DESIGN

The chopper has four thyristors that function both as main & commutation thyristors. Thyristor pairs S_1, S_2 & S_3, S_4 alternately conduct the load current. The sequence of operation is as follows and some important waveforms are shown in fig 4-7(b).

Design of alternators

High speed: Turbines

Low speed: engine driven, water wheel & salient poles

Ratings & Dimensions

Power $S = 3 E_{ph} I_{ph}$

$$= 3 \times (4.44 K_w f T_{ph} \Phi_m) \times I_{ph} \text{ volt-amp}$$

Specific magnetic loading, the average magnetic flux density over the wheel surface of the air-gap

$$\bar{B} = 2 p \Phi_m / (\pi D L) \text{ wb/m}^2 \quad \text{or } \text{Wb/m}^2$$

Specific electric loading, the no. of rms amp-conductors/unit length of the gap surface circumference or the rms peripheral current density,

$$ac = 3 \times 2 T_{ph} I_{ph} / (\pi D) \text{ amp-cond/m}$$

where $f = p n$; f frequency, p pole pairs

$$S = 4.44 K_w p n (\pi D L \bar{B} / 2p) \frac{1}{2} \pi D ac$$

$$S = 1.1 K_w \pi^2 \bar{B} ac D^2 L n \text{ volt-amp}$$

The output coefficient, with S in kVA is

$$G = \frac{S}{D^2 L n} = 11 K_w \bar{B} ac \times 10^3$$

If the speed $u = \pi D n$

(174)

$$S = 1.1 K_w \bar{B} ac L (u^2/n) \times 10^3 \text{ kVA} \quad (175)$$

Low speed machines

$\bar{B} = 0.6 \text{ wb/m}^2$, High values of $ac = 45,000 \text{ amp-cond/m}$

$$u = 80 \text{ m/s}, K_w = 0.95 \quad \& \quad L = 0.5 \text{ m}$$

the output obtained by eqn. (175) is

$$S \approx 90000 \text{ kVA}$$

Thus at 375 r/m , (16 poles for 50 Hz), $n = 2.5 \text{ r/s}$ & an output of 14400 kVA could be obtained. The rotor diameter would be about 4m. A 40 pole machine with $n = 2.5 \text{ r/s}$ would have a rating of 1800 kVA & a dia of 10m.

Specific loading Typical conservative loadings for salient pole machines are given below.

D m	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.75	1.0	1.5	2.0	3.0
L/D	0.7	0.65	0.6	0.5	0.42	0.33	0.3	0.3
\bar{B} wb/m ²	0.44	0.47	0.53	0.57	0.59	0.6	0.62	0.64